GENDER BUDGETING IN EUROPE: Different Approaches and Lessons Learnt

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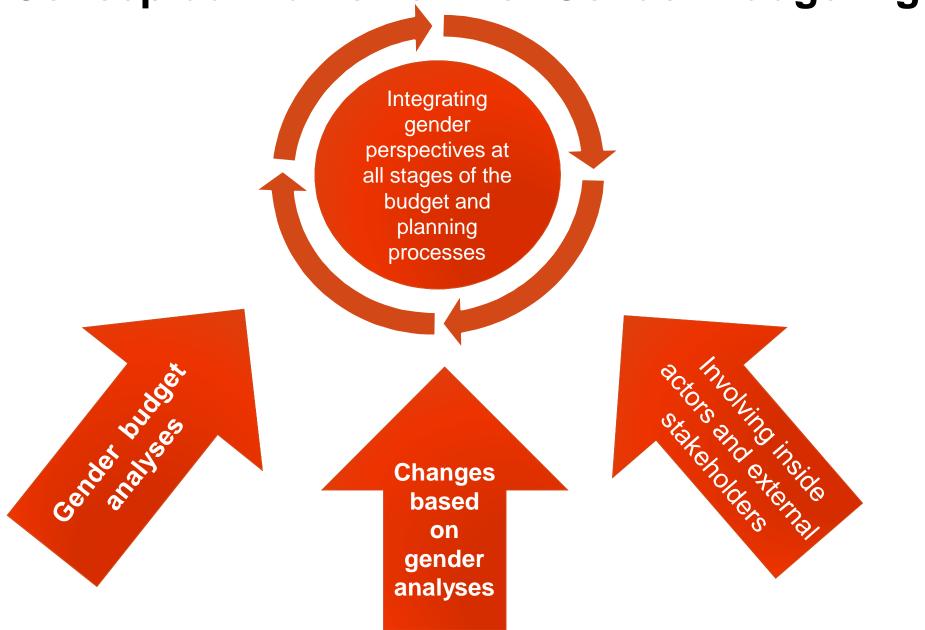
Pikkuparlamentti

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Overview

- 1. A few general remarks on Gender Budgeting
- Different Approaches in Gender Budget work in Europe
- 3. Lessons learnt

Conceptual framework for Gender Budgeting



The challenge: Moving systematically from seemingly gender-neutral to gender responsive



International momentum for Gender Budgeting

- Ø OECD
 - 2016 OECD survey of Gender Budgeting practices
 - Senior Budget Officials meeting: GB expert group
- International Monetary Fund
 - 2016 world-wide survey
 - Enhanced GB work in PFM context. Commitment by IMF Director Christine Lagarde, to push forward work on GB
- Sustainable development goals
 - Ø Global indicator framework
- European Institute for Gender Equality
 - 2016 research
 - Expert meeting on Gender Budgeting
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Different approaches in GB work

- Mainstreaming Gender Perspectives into the whole process of Public Finance Management
 - Integrating gender perspectives into performance-based resp. programbased budgeting
 - Including medium-term expenditure frame
- O Categorization of budget programs & gender analysis
- Taking a macro-perspective on fiscal policies
- Application of standard Gender Budgeting analytical tools
 - Methods of ex post gender budget analysis
 - Needs assessments
 - Combining GB with gender impact assessments
- Wellbeing Gender Budgeting (WBGB)
- Linking Gender Budgeting and Participatory Budgeting
- Tracking financial allocations to promote women's rights and gender equality

GB in Europe: Broad range of lessons learnt

Focus here on 5 dimensions of key lessons learnt:

- I. Gender Budgeting as a longer term change process
- II. GB as part of effective, **modern budgetary governance** towards high-quality Public Finance Management
- III. Ensuring transparency and continued focus on gender equality issues
- IV. Co-ordinated approach: ensuring cooperation and involvement of different actors and stakeholders
- V. Focus on achieving goals and results

GB in Europe: Lessons learnt

I. Introducing Gender Budgeting as a longer term change process

- ØKey aspect of integrating gender perspectives in regular processes
- ØKey aspect of cultural change for public officials: focus on building capacities and changing way of doing
- Providing continuous support, guidance and practical training to public administration is essential
- Availability of resources for managing change process

GB in Europe: Lessons learnt (2)

II. GB as part of effective, modern budgetary governance towards high-quality Public Finance Management

- ØKey aspect of working towards improvement of budget contributions to gender equality and better governance
- Making it explicitly mandatory to get clear message across

GB in Europe: Lessons learnt (3)

III. Ensuring transparency and continued focus on gender equality issues

- Systematic analysis
- ©Regular controlling, monitoring and evaluation
- ØDifferent types of GB reporting (Gender Budget Statements)

GB in Europe: Lessons learnt (4)

IV. Complementarity of different actors

- Continued political commitment and guidance
- Public administration: GB as regular work procedures
- Public finance management, sector policy and gender experts working together
- Parliament: strategic debates and decisions
- Court of Auditors
- Complementarity of inside government/public administration and outside actors (civil society, academics,)

GB in Europe: Lessons learnt (5)

V. Maintaining focus on achieving goals and results

- Ø However: challenge of tracking systematically evidence of positive impact
- Continued political support and engagement is crucial

Moving forward: Building blocs and challenges

Keeping large and small picture in focus

- Macro, meso and micro perspectives
- Building approaches to capture multi-layer governance and combined gender equality impacts

Aiming for change towards gender equality

 using GB to focus on innovation and improvements in policies and budgets as well as in budgeting processes

Broadening perspectives and expertise

 creating institutionalized spaces for continuous interaction with academics and civil society to ensure continued contributions of outside expertise and perspectives